



## Extraordinary Council Meeting Monday, 14 February 2022

I hereby give notice that an Extraordinary Meeting of Council will be held on:

Date: Monday, 14 February 2022 Time: to start at the conclusion of the Strategy, Finance & Risk Committee Location: BOP Regional Council Chambers Regional House 1 Elizabeth Street Tauranga

Please note that this meeting will be livestreamed and the recording will be publicly available on Tauranga City Council's website: <u>www.tauranga.govt.nz</u>.

**Marty Grenfell** 

**Chief Executive** 

#### Membership

Chairperson	Commission Chair Anne Tolley
Members	Commissioner Shadrach Rolleston Commissioner Stephen Selwood Commissioner Bill Wasley
Quorum	<u>Half</u> of the members physically present, where the number of members (including vacancies) is <u>even</u> ; and a <u>majority</u> of the members physically present, where the number of members (including vacancies) is <u>odd.</u>
Meeting frequency	As required

#### Role

- To ensure the effective and efficient governance of the City
- To enable leadership of the City including advocacy and facilitation on behalf of the community.

#### Scope

- Oversee the work of all committees and subcommittees.
- Exercise all non-delegable and non-delegated functions and powers of the Council.
- The powers Council is legally prohibited from delegating include:
  - Power to make a rate.
  - Power to make a bylaw.
  - Power to borrow money, or purchase or dispose of assets, other than in accordance with the long-term plan.
  - Power to adopt a long-term plan, annual plan, or annual report
  - Power to appoint a chief executive.
  - Power to adopt policies required to be adopted and consulted on under the Local Government Act 2002 in association with the long-term plan or developed for the purpose of the local governance statement.
  - All final decisions required to be made by resolution of the territorial authority/Council pursuant to relevant legislation (for example: the approval of the City Plan or City Plan changes as per section 34A Resource Management Act 1991).
  - Council has chosen not to delegate the following:
    - Power to compulsorily acquire land under the Public Works Act 1981.
  - Make those decisions which are required by legislation to be made by resolution of the local authority.
  - Authorise all expenditure not delegated to officers, Committees or other subordinate decisionmaking bodies of Council.
  - Make appointments of members to the CCO Boards of Directors/Trustees and representatives of Council to external organisations.
  - Consider any matters referred from any of the Standing or Special Committees, Joint Committees, Chief Executive or General Managers.

#### **Procedural matters**

- Delegation of Council powers to Council's committees and other subordinate decision-making bodies.
- Adoption of Standing Orders.
- Receipt of Joint Committee minutes.
- Approval of Special Orders.
- Employment of Chief Executive.
- Other Delegations of Council's powers, duties and responsibilities.

#### **Regulatory matters**

Administration, monitoring and enforcement of all regulatory matters that have not otherwise been delegated or that are referred to Council for determination (by a committee, subordinate decision-making body, Chief Executive or relevant General Manager).

#### **Order of Business**

1	Apologies7		
2	Acceptance of Late Items		
3	Confidential Business to be Transferred into the Open		
4	Change to the Order of Business7		
5	Declaration of Conflicts of Interest7		
6	Business		8
	6.1	Links Avenue Trial Update	8
	6.2	Papamoa Residents and Ratepayers Association submission re Links Avenue trial	.49
	6.3	Traffic & Parking Bylaw Update 34 (Links Ave trial)	64
7	Discus	sion of Late Items	68

#### 1 APOLOGIES

- 2 ACCEPTANCE OF LATE ITEMS
- **3 CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS TO BE TRANSFERRED INTO THE OPEN**
- 4 CHANGE TO THE ORDER OF BUSINESS
- 5 DECLARATION OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

#### 6 **BUSINESS**

6.1 Links Avenue Trial Update	
File Number:	A13164399
Author:	Brendan Bisley, Director of Transport
	Andy Vuong, Programme Manager - Cycle Plan Implementation
Authoriser:	Nic Johansson, General Manager: Infrastructure

#### PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

1. The purpose of this report is to provide an update on the cul-de-sac trial that was carried out in Links Avenue in November/December 2021 and to provide recommendations for the next phase.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Council:

- (a) Receives the report on the cul-de-sac trial that took place in Links Avenue
- (b) Approves a further trial of a cul-de-sac on Links Avenue at the Concord Road end for a minimum period of 4 months. Staff are to gather data and report back to Council regarding recommendations on a permanent solution prior to the trial being removed.
- (c) Approve the trial resurface Links Avenue (chipseal) and removing the existing bus lane in the process for the duration of the trial.
- (d) Endorses a temporary 30km/hr speed limit along the length of Links Avenue for the duration of the trial and appropriate traffic calming measures installed to ensure traffic speeds are kept low.
- (e) Approve Council staff engaging with the residents on Links Avenue and the streets that have direct access off it regarding the street layout for Links Avenue if traffic volumes were able to be reduced to a level that a bus lane was no longer required.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

- 2. Council undertook a trial of a cul-de-sac on Links Avenue in November/December 2021 for a period of 5 weeks. The trial was intended to see if reducing the traffic volumes on Links Avenue would improve safety for the vulnerable users to get to and from the schools in the area. The other purpose of the trial was to test the capacity of the wider transport network to cope with the changed traffic flows.
- 3. The trial was implemented following an independent review in March/April 2021 identified that there was an unacceptable level of risk for vulnerable users along Links Avenue. In the case of Links Avenue, these users are predominately the school children that walk and bike to get to and from the schools in the area.
- 4. The trial purposely prioritised the safety of the vulnerable users over the convenience of having the road open to traffic and it being used as a third route to get through the Arataki area.
- 5. The trial achieved its intended purpose and did reduce the traffic volume on Links Avenue significantly. Additionally, the trial showed the traffic network was able to cope with the increased traffic flows. Travel times in the monitored sections were <1m in the morning peak and 2-4minutes in the evening peak compared to those that were being recorded prior to the trial.

- 6. In advance of the trial, Council undertook traffic counts on surrounding streets and installed some monitoring equipment that recorded travel times along defined routes. The monitoring equipment uses blue tooth signals from cell phones and other equipment. It is able to data-match the signal to record the time the vehicle enters and exits the route and therefore calculates a journey time. Traffic counts were also taken during the trial period so we can accurately record the change in traffic volumes on the network.
- 7. The traffic counts undertaken by Council prior to the cul-de-sac showed that peak traffic volumes on Links Avenue have increased from approximately 5,500 vehicles per day (vpd) to 7,500vpd. This is an increase of 2,000vpd in 12 months and now has the traffic almost 4 times what it was prior to the Bayfair to Baylink project starting construction. This increase is not related to residents living on the street but is through traffic using it as a convenient alternative route to avoid congestion elsewhere. This additional traffic increases the risk of a serious or fatal accident occurring on Links Avenue.
- 8. The location of the cul-de-sac did impact on residents who lived at the eastern end of Links Avenue and in Ascot Avenue and the cul-de-sac's that come off both as they were unable to use Links Avenue to access Golf Road.
- 9. There was significant feedback from the wider community about the loss of Links Avenue as a through route, with the majority of submitters concerned about their travel time rather than the safety changes trying to be achieved.
- 10. With the trial, due to its short time being in place, the road layout in Links Avenue was not changed except at the cul-de-sac location. This meant:
  - that the vehicle lane remained very close to the shared path,
  - the bus lane remained in the street,
  - the public were not able to see what could be achieved with the road layout if the traffic volumes were permanently lower,
  - the bus lane remaining, as well as the location at Ascot Avenue, impacted on some resident's perception of what was being achieved with the trial,
  - the trial was not long enough to get residents and motorists in the wider catchment to consider alternative routes, travel modes, or travel times.
  - the majority of the traffic simply tried to use Oceanbeach Road and increased the traffic queues,
  - the dispersion of traffic through alternative routes or changed travel times that would occur in a longer trial.
- 11. The trial shows that a cul-de-sac does successfully lower the traffic volumes in Links Avenue and reduce the risk for vulnerable users. The cul-de-sac options addresses the risk identified in the Safe System review and would provide an opportunity to change the layout of Links Avenue to reflects its residential nature if it was permanently implemented.
- 12. A further trail of a cul-de-sac should be undertaken for a longer period, at an alternative location nearest to Concord Avenue. The alternative location will
  - (a) allow assessment on its impact on traffic volumes in Links Avenue past the shared path to ensure they remain low enough to maintain safety compared to the original location at Ascot Avenue,
  - (b) allow the residents in Links Ave and surrounding streets to assess the impact on their vehicle trips in the area by having access to Golf Road,
  - (c) allow Council to reseal the road and temporarily remove the bus lane to allow residents to see what can be achieved in the street layout without a bus lane, and
  - (d) allow time for the wider community to change driving behaviours so we can more accurately assess its impact on the surrounding network.

#### BACKGROUND

- 13. Council implemented a trial of a cul-de-sac treatment in Links Avenue, near the western end of Ascot Avenue to trial a reduction in traffic volumes to see if this would improve safety for vulnerable users on Links Avenue. This trial was in place for 5 weeks in November/December 2021.
- 14. The trial was implemented after a Safe System review completed in identified that there was a risk of a vulnerable user being involved in a serious or fatal accident. The trial deliberately put safety for vulnerable users as a priority over the convenience aspect for the motorists using it as a through route. This meant residents in the wider Papamoa and Mount areas may have longer journey times with the increased traffic volumes on the network.
- 15. Links Avenue is designed as a residential street with a large intermediate school approximately 1/3 of the way along its length. In addition there is a sports field at the western end.
- 16. Residential streets are intended to cater primarily for the residents that live in the street and is used as the way they get to and from their house and connect to the wider roading network. A residential street typically has carparking on street and has opportunities to have street trees and other amenity available.
- 17. Prior to the Bayfair to Baylink (B2B) project starting, Links Avenue had approximately 2,000vehicles per day (vpd) and the traffic was primarily residents that lived on Links Avenue or the streets that came off it, and some traffic associated with the school. At this volume it is generally considered that vehicles and cyclists can safely share the road.
- 18. When the B2B project started, traffic volumes increased as traffic sought alternative routes to avoid the congestion associated with the construction activity. The most recent traffic counts show traffic volumes on Links Avenue are up to 7,500vpd and have increased by 2,000vpd over the last 12 months. This is almost 4 times the traffic volume and it appears it will continue to climb until the B2B project is finished. We estimate that volumes could be closer to 9,000vpd in 12 months' time if no changes are made.
- 19. Links Avenue has a shared path constructed along the school side between Golf Road and Ascot Avenue. This is well used by vulnerable users and during the morning and afternoon peak period is very busy with large groups of school children waiting to catch the bus as well as students walking and riding along the path. Council is aware of incidents where the congestion on the path has led to accidents and collisions. The congestion also causes some bike riders to remain on the road or to use a section of the road to get past groups of students.
- 20. Council operates an education programme with the schools in the area and train the students how to use the shared path. This helps to reduce the risk, but the volume of users as children head to and from the three schools in the area means other measures are necessary to reduce this risk to an acceptable level.
- 21. Bus services were moved to Links Avenue to improve safety for users as it was very difficult for bus users to cross a 4-5 lane arterial road that has speed limits of 70km/h in places. The previous location also made it less likely people would catch the bus. In addition, with the congestion around the roadworks, bus journey time reliability was an issue which meant that buses were a less attractive option for residents.
- 22. When the buses were first using Links Avenue, they shared the vehicle lanes as the volumes were low enough that their reliability was not significantly impacted. As the traffic volumes on Links Avenue increased, the bus journey time reliability deteriorated, and the bus lane was installed. This pushed the other vehicles lanes across and resulted in the vehicle lane running beside the shared path which provides little buffer to the shared path.

#### CAUSE OF THE SAFETY ISSUES IN LINKS AVENUE

23. There has been significant debate from the public regarding what is causing the safety issues in Links Avenue. A lot of focus from members of the community over the last 2-3years

has been focused on the bus lane. There is a view that removing the bus lane and the buses from Links Avenue will make the street safe and no further changes would be required. Others consider that the convenience of the street as a through route is the most important aspect, and there are no safety issues that need to be addressed.

#### 24. The core issue that is creating safety issues on Links Avenue is the traffic volume.

- 25. When considering safety, people make mistakes. The road network should be safe enough that if a mistake is made, it does not result in death or serious injury.
- 26. A safe road network has four guiding principles:
  - People make mistakes and crashes are inevitable. We can't stop all crashes.
  - The human body has a limited ability to withstand crash forces, so we need to minimise the chances of a crash.
  - Designers and users of the road must all share responsibility for managing crashes, so they don't result in serious injuries or fatalities
  - It takes a whole system approach to get a safer network, it's not just changing one element like better crash protection in vehicles, building more crash barriers, or lower speed limits etc.
- 27. In Links Avenue, the high traffic volume means that it is not safe for people biking to share the road with vehicles as the chances of a conflict are high. For cyclists to be able to safely share the road with vehicles, recommended traffic volumes are less than 1500vpd with a 30km/hr speed limit. In the case of Links Avenue, we need to reduce the traffic volumes back to what was prior to the B2B project which is why the cul-de-sac was trialled. The other options presented in the staff option report in October 2020 do not lower the traffic volumes.
- 28. In relation to accidents, a cyclist or pedestrian being struck by a car, SUV or Ute travelling at 50km/hr is also likely to result in a serious injury or fatal accident which is why a lower speed limit is required. Simply removing buses will not reduce the risk of a serious or fatal accident from occurring as an accident involving a modern large motor vehicle is also likely to have a similar outcome.

#### LONGTERM PLAN FOR LINKS AVENUE

- 29. The TSP project reviewed the transport network across the city and identified what were the primary function of roading corridors over the next 20years plus. TSP identified routes that were intended to accommodate vehicle movement, freight movement, Passenger transport and walking and cycling routes. This work was undertaken in 2019 and 2020 and approved by Council in 2020.
- 30. As part of this review, Links Avenue was identified as a key corridor and the modes that were prioritised for Links Avenue are walking ad cycling and passenger transport. Vehicle movement was not prioritised, and its function remained as a local road, and therefore it is not intended to be a third traffic route through the Arataki Area.
- 31. Walking and cycling was prioritised due to the presence of the schools in the area, its connection to the wider Area A cycleway planned to be constructed and the residential catchment. The passenger transport was prioritised due to the high number of students and residents that get on and off bus services in Links Avenue. There are approximately 6,000 passenger trips a month that use the bus services from Links Avenue.
- 32. Links Ave will always cater for the traffic associated with the residents that live on the street and the streets that come off it, but it is not intended to cater for rat running traffic using it a s a convenient shortcut to avoid congestion elsewhere on the network.

#### TRANSPORT NETWORK

33. In a city the size of Tauranga, with our topography and growing population, our transport network will need to constantly change to keep up. 20-30 years ago, the smaller population

that lived and worked in Tauranga resulted in relatively low traffic volumes and residents were able to move around the city relatively freely. As the Port activity and industry has increased and the population has increased, the city has gradually got more congested and is now at a point where there is simply not enough capacity in key corridors. During the key holiday periods with the additional numbers of visitors this situation gets worse.

- 34. The outcome of this is we have more congestion and delays. Drivers start to take smaller gaps in traffic and don't look for cyclists, motorcyclists etc. Buses are less reliable as they are also stuck in the congestion and have to wait longer as they need larger gaps to turn.
- 35. The transport system is now at a point where it needs to adapt to the size and nature of the city and the way we move around the city needs to change to enable the city to continue growing as planned.
- 36. Tauranga is at a position where we are unable to 'build' our way out of the issues with traffic. Simply building a new harbour bridge or widening Turrett and 15<sup>th</sup> Avenue, as examples, will not solve the congestion issues as there are now so many issues across the network that fixing a single location does not create the extra capacity. Also, land values have increased significantly so the cost of purchasing land is prohibitive and it also reduces the number of houses for residents to live in.
- 37. The focus for the future needs to be based around improving safety for users of the transport network (a Safe System approach) to reduce the number accidents occurring, increasing the number of residents that move around the city on modes other than private cars, and undertaking roading improvements that improve traffic flows. This will ensure that those that need to move by vehicle have less congestion and the transport system can accommodate the ongoing growth. This will improve economic activity in the region, reduce carbon emissions in the long-term and provide a better quality of living for residents by reducing the time they are spending in traffic queues.

#### A SAFE SYSTEM APPROACH TO THE TRANSPORT NETWORK

- 38. A safe system approach is one where a road is designed to ensure that if someone makes a mistake there shouldn't be a serious or fatal accident as a consequence. We all make mistakes at times due to in attention, tiredness, etc and therefore the transport system should be able to accommodate those times without significant impacts. In a safe system approach, the road layout is designed to prioritise safety and protecting those using it.
- 39. Other considerations for a road, such as travel time, access etc are still considered, but may be compromised to achieve the safety outcomes needed first.
- 40. Over the last 10 years, there have been 12 fatal accidents in Tauranga city, 10 of those fatalities were either pedestrians or cyclists that were killed. In addition there were a further 95 injury accidents in the same period. The cost to society of these crashes was \$175m, but there are also lifelong trauma from the injuries sustained and the impacts of the wider whanau from lost loved ones who were killed.
- 41. Waka Kotahi, Auckland Transport, Hamilton City and several local authorities have implemented a safe system approach on their network, and it is something Tauranga City should formally adopt for their roading network to reduce the number of serious injury and fatal accidents that occur.

#### THE COMMUNITY CONVERSATION REGARDING TRANSPORT IN TAURANGA

42. The residents of Tauranga often raise congestion and delay as a significant issue in Council surveys and in complaints and correspondence with the Council. Over the last 10-15 years congestion has increased at the same time as there has been an under investment in maintaining the capacity of the network. In addition, large scale housing and commercial development has continued, with significant development in the Pyes Pa/ Lakes/Tauriko and the Papamoa areas which has added more traffic volume.

- 43. When the rapid growth of the city first started, there was spare capacity in the transport network, so the congestion was relatively minor, but as the growth has continued that spare capacity/buffer in the transport network that was available has been used up and now the network is struggling to cope with the traffic volumes in the peak hours.
- 44. A traffic lane can only move a certain number of vehicles per hour, and once that limit is reached, the traffic forms queues and these get longer as more vehicles try and get through. Intersections and traffic turning into and out of side streets reduce the volume a lane can move. The first areas of the city to experience this congestion issue were Welcome Bay, Hairini, Ohauiti and Maungatapu. The same issues are now being seen across the city as the housing growth has continued and more people live in the city.
- 45. As the city continues to expand the congestion will get worse, the number of hours the congestion exists will extend and the queue lengths will increase.
- 46. The TSP investment (approximately \$4billion over the next 20 years) will not improve the existing congestion at a citywide level, it will only prevent it getting worse. Some parts of the city will see some improvements, but the additional traffic flows from the Takatimu Northern Link in 5 years' time for example, will simply use any additional capacity that can be built into the 15<sup>th</sup>/Turrett Road corridor in the peak hours. Another example is the B2B project, while it will initially improve traffic flows in the Arataki area, future housing growth in Te Tumu area will result in congestion increasing through the area again in the future.
- 47. The TSP investment programme will take 20 years to be fully delivered as we can't have all of the key corridors under construction at the same time and the approval process for Crown funding through business cases etc takes time. Therefore, we need to implement additional measures to reduce traffic volumes if we want to reduce traffic congestion.
- 48. A key way to reduce the congestion are to get those that can to use alternative modes to travel around the city. Alternative modes are walking, cycling and passenger transport. As an example of how effective this could be, during the school holidays traffic flows significantly easier and there is less congestion. The difference in traffic volume is only 10% typically, but that 10% reduction stops the roads being overloaded and as a result the traffic can flow. If we had 10% of the population using alternatives modes to travel we could achieve a reduced level of congestion year-round rather than just during the holidays.
- 49. The other ways to reduce congestion would be to have residents travel at different times rather than the majority trying to travel in the peak hours. Alternatives would be carpooling, increased housing density closer to where people work and play rather than the city continuing to spread etc.
- 50. Reducing the congestion will allow those that are dependent on vehicles to be able to move freer and for businesses etc that have tradespeople moving across the city, can get more work done in the day which lowers costs for travel time charges etc. It would also provide more reliable freight delivery times to and from the Port and other key business areas across the city.
- 51. The other key change that would make a difference is residents thinking about the number of trips they make in a day. Residents are unhappy with the congestion but don't always recognise that they are part of creating that congestion. In feedback from the community during the Links Avenue trial, a lot talked about their need to travel to and from their houses multiple times per day for various activities or to accommodate exercise etc. Each of those trips adds to the total volume of vehicles trying to use the roads. The feedback was reflective of people expecting the road network to allow them to live like they could in a smaller regional centre, rather than a city that has limited road corridors due to the topography and the harbour.
- 52. The other change that needs to happen is the road layout on our busier roads and arterials. In a lot of cases the current street layout is more reflective of a local road with the availability of on street carparking in preference to bike lanes, safe crossing points for pedestrians or additional lanes. To ease congestion Council needs to review these busier road and arterial

street layouts across the city and prioritise safety and movement of people over the convenience of on-street carparking.

53. A conversation with the community needs to be started to talk about the big picture of what Tauranga will look like in the next 5 to 10 and 20 years and beyond, why the transport system needs to change as discussed above. At the same time, a review will be undertaken of all the key corridors and changes implemented to get better movement to get some early improvements while the larger projects that will be delivered by TSP are built.

#### COMMUNITY FEEDBACK FROM THE TRIAL

- 54. There was a large amount of feedback from the community during and after the trial. In the first two weeks alone, over 250 calls and emails had been catalogued and responded to, eventually reaching over 400 by the end.
- 55. In early December, a mid-point pulse check was provided to the community with key observations of the feedback that had been provided thus far:
  - (a) Improved Safety
    - (i) Links Avenue is quieter and the sense of safety for children has improved during the operation of the cul-de-sac trial.
    - (ii) Lower traffic volumes are returning the feel of a residential street rather than a through-route.
  - (b) Buses
    - (i) Buses are still perceived by most as the greatest risk to pedestrians and cyclists on Links Avenue, and that the bus lane should be removed.
    - (ii) There remains a high number of buses and they seem to travel too fast. This increases risk to the users of the shared path, due to the lack of a grass verge or buffer between the path and the general traffic lane.
  - (c) Community Impacts
    - (i) Directly affected residents
      - (1) More residents did not support the cul-de-sac at Ascot Road than those that did due to the impact on travel time, and most importantly access to Golf Road.
      - (2) Ascot Road has also become busy in the morning, with cars stopping at inconvenient locations, looping back or doing U-turns after dropping children at school.
      - (3) Many residents suggest a better location for a cul-de-sac would be towards the Concord Avenue end of Links Avenue. This would reduce the impact on residents who could use Spur Avenue to head towards Bayfair and open up access back to Golf Rd.
    - (ii) Wider community
      - (1) It was clear that this group did not support the cul-de-sac at all due to its impact on the wider transport network.
      - (2) There is an expectation that Links Avenue is one of three arterial routes towards the Mount and Tauranga with additional travel times and delays as the primary complaints.
      - (3) There were observations by a few that safety for pedestrians and cyclists was not an issue on Links Avenue and diverted traffic on other streets was now compromising safety for drivers and active travel users.
    - (iii) Hours of operation

- (1) There were requests that the cul-de-sac operate only during the hours when the presence of children on Links Avenue peaks (8–9:30am and 3– 4:30pm).
- 56. Two surveys were conducted by Council at the end of the trial.
  - (a) A survey that targeted students, parents of students, or teachers who attended either Omanu Primary, Mount Intermediate, or Mount College.
    - (i) Due to the evolving Covid-19 situation at the time of the planned survey launch, it was not possible to directly engaged with the students as planned. Instead, the survey was posted via the schools' Facebook page after the school term had ended.
    - (ii) This resulted in nearly 550 responses overall, but only 9% from students overall and 4% from students who walk, bike, or take the bus to school. As a comparison – the percentage of students who walk, bike, take the bus to school on a regular basis is closer to 70%.
    - (iii) The main findings confirmed the feedback summarised in the mid-point pulse check:
      - (1) Some people noticed improvements on safety, but many felt the proximately and speeds of the buses that use Links Ave continued to be a safety risk
      - (2) The cul-de-sac increased travel times when using the wider travel network and specifically those who drive their kids to multiple schools
      - (3) The additional traffic on Oceanbeach Road was creating anxiety for those driving and additional safety risks for those who cycle on it or trying to walk across it.
  - (b) A survey available to the entire community but targeted directly affected residents and those who had provided prior feedback or expressed interest in the trial.
    - (i) About 300 people responded to this survey (it is unknown how many people responded to both surveys), with about 50% reporting they were directly affected residents.
    - (ii) The main findings also confirmed the feedback summarised in the mid-point pulse check, however additional insights from the data included:
      - (1) There was a significant difference in the responses of directly affected residents based on which side of the cul-de-sac they were on.
        - (a) When asked if the trial had improved safety, 74% on the Golf Road side of the cul-de-sac agreed, while only 31% on the Concord Avenue side did.
        - (b) When asked if the trial had made their street more pleasant, 83% on the Golf Road side of the cul-de-sac agreed, while only 24% on the Concord Avenue side did.
        - (c) When asked if the cul-de-sac were to remain where should it be placed, 87% on the Concord Avenue side said move it towards Concord Ave, while only 42% on the Golf Road side did.
        - (d) Among those who disagreed that the trial improved safety or enjoyability, almost all commentary on why focused on:
          - (i) the remaining bus lane and bus speeds
          - (ii) the proximity of the southbound traffic lane to the shared path
          - (iii) the impacts to travel time while driving from not having access to and from Golf Road.

- 57. A petition and survey with over 1000 participants led by the Papamoa Resident and Ratepayers Association (PPRA) in conjunction with the Tauranga Ratepayers Alliance (TRA) was presented to Council after the trial completed.
  - (a) 98% stated they did not support the Links Ave cul-de-sac
  - (b) 67% stated that Links Avenue should not have a bus lane. 48% said buses should travel 15km/hr or less while 32% said the speed should be 40km/hr.
  - (c) 62% supported installation of a barrier fence along the shared path to separate pedestrians from the buses
  - (d) The main themes of the commentary provided within the survey include:
    - (i) Frustration about increased travel times within and traveling through Arataki
    - (ii) Impacts on nearby roads such as increased traffic volumes and longer queues
    - (iii) A feeling that their voices and desires are not listened to

#### TRAFFIC COUNT DATA RESULTS

- 58. Six locations in Arataki were chosen to conduct traffic counts to monitor the effects of the culde-sac on traffic volumes. Baseline traffic counts were conducted from October 27<sup>th</sup> – November 2<sup>nd</sup> and trial traffic counts were conducted from December 7<sup>th</sup> – December 13<sup>th</sup>.
- 59. For Links Avenue, traffic counts were conducted on each side of the cul-de-sac, and additional counts from the APNR provided data on the number of vehicles entering and exiting the cul-de-sac.
- 60. The key findings from the traffic count data are:
  - (a) The traffic volume on Links Avenue is no longer averaging 5500 cars per day. The baseline counts conducted confirmed the weekday average is now 7000 cars per day with two days within the data collection period reaching 7500.
  - (b) The cul-de-sac reduced through movements on Links Avenue by approximately 70%. However, there was a difference in the reduction in traffic volume on either side of the cul-de-sac, with the northern end (Golf Rd.) achieving a 56% reduction while the southern end (Concord Rd.) achieved around 38%.
  - (c) Oceanbeach Rd. became the preferred alternative route for diverted Links Avenue traffic. This added an average of 3000 cars per day during the weekdays and 2400 cars on the weekend
  - (d) Golf Rd. and Concord Ave. also saw increases to traffic volumes, but the impacts were less severe than that of Oceanbeach Rd.
  - (e) Grenada St, which is commonly used in conjunction with Links Avenue as bypass route through Arataki did not see any noticeable reduction or increase in traffic volume

#### TRAVEL TIME DATA RESULTS

61. Two route segments were selected as a proxy to monitor the impacts reducing traffic volume on Links Avenue would have on the wider Arataki transport network. Travel times were collected using technology that can anonymously track and match Bluetooth signals of vehicles or their occupants.



- 62. Data collected a week prior to the trial was used to establish a baseline, and travel times in both directions of each route were collected each day during the trial. While travel times were monitored 24 hours a day, impacts of the cul-de-sac on travel times were only observed for a few hours a day Monday Friday during the peak commuting times (07:30-9:00 and 16:30–18:00).
- 63. Within each AM and PM commute time window, the peak 60 minutes with the longest commute times were aggregated daily and averaged by week to identify the largest time delays and reduce uncommon or non-recurring events such as an accident.
- 64. The PM commute (City/Mount towards Papamoa) was more impacted from the Links Avenue cul-de-sac then the AM commute.
  - (a) Route R2, which includes the Golf Rd / Maunganui Rd roundabout and Oceanbeach Rd was the most affected route. In the week prior the trial, the average travel time during the isolated commute window was 430 seconds (7.2 minutes). During the trial, that travel time increased by 187 seconds (3.1 minutes).
  - (b) Route R1, which includes the Hewletts Rd flyover and the Bayfair roundabout fared slightly better, with baseline travel time at 603 seconds (10.1 minutes) with trial travel times increased by 140 seconds (2.3 minutes).
- 65. The AM commute (Papamoa towards the City/Mount) did not register large travel time increases on the route segments that were measured.
  - (a) Route R2 had a baseline travel time of 714 seconds (11.9 mins) which increased by 38 seconds (0.6 minutes) during the trial.
  - (b) Route R1 had a baseline travel time of 711 seconds (11.9 mins) which increased by 14 seconds (0.2 minutes) during the trial.

#### **OVERALL RESULTS OF THE TRIAL**

- 66. The cul-de-sac trial did achieve the safety outcomes sought. The trial showed that the cul-desac did reduce the traffic volume substantially on Links Avenue and if permanently implemented would allow the bus lane to be removed and make it safer for people biking to use the road in addition to the shared path.
- 67. Due to the short duration of the trial, the road layout on Links Avenue was not changed and the bus lane was kept. This did prevent the residents being able to see what could be achieved in the road layout if the bus lane was not required and space reallocated.
- 68. The wider traffic network did cope with the increased traffic flows and the travel times recorded through the monitored sections were <1m in the morning peak and 2-4minutes in the afternoon peak. There were increased queue lengths, but that was expected as the traffic moved off Links Avenue.
- 69. The location of the cul-de-sac at Ascot Rd. did cause some inconvenience for residents in Links Avenue and the streets immediately off it, as those heading towards the Mount needed to head in the opposite direction and use Oceanbeach Rd. which further increased the volumes there.
- 70. Due to the short duration of the initial trial, most of the traffic used Oceanbeach Rd. rather than Maunganui Rd/SH2. We would expect to see traffic splitting itself more evenly between the two routes if the trial had been longer.

#### RECOMMENDATION

- 71. The first trial showed that a cul-de-sac achieves the traffic volume reduction, but due to the short time frame we were not able to fully assess the network impacts and the road layout on Links Avenue was not changed and therefore the separation of the vehicles and shared path was not able to be tested. As a result another trial is needed to fully explore the impact of a cul-de-sac. The trial should be undertaken at the alternative location near Concord Avenue, so residents are able to assess the impact on their travel activities. Links Avenue should be posted at 30km/h during the period and appropriate temporary traffic management measures installed to keep speeds at that level. This temporary speed limit requires Waka Kotahi approval.
- 72. As part of the trial, Links Avenue should be chip sealed so the existing bus lane is removed, and the vehicle lane moved away from the shared path. This would allow the community to discuss how they would like to see the road layout including features such as street trees etc if this was to be permanently implemented.
- 73. The next trial needs to be a minimum 4 months. This will ensure that the wider community has the opportunity to adjust travel times, consolidates the number of daily journeys etc to better assess the road networks ability to cope which did not occur with the initial 5 week trial.
- 74. To ensure that the road remains safe until a decision is made on a permanent solution, the cul-de-sac needs to remain in place until Council has time to consider a report on the outcomes of the second trial.
- 75. Enforcement of the bus lane restriction at the cul-de-sac will be required on a 24/7 basis to ensure that the traffic volumes remain low. Drivers would be issued a warning letter on the first offense prior to receiving the first ticket. Tickets are \$150 per offense and the fine value is set by the Government
- 76. At the same time as the trial, a wider conversation with the community should be started about the future of the transport system and how travel choices will need to change as the city changes and grows.
- 77. Staff would also review the road layout on key corridors to improve traffic flow and would prioritise Oceanbeach Rd. so this could better accommodate any increased traffic flow.

#### FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS

- 78. Council will have sufficient funding to undertake another trial from the original allocation. Activities such as the chip sealing of the road during the trail will be covered from existing maintenance budgets.
- 79. Council will be putting forward Links Avenue as a project for the Streets for People fund recently announced by Waka Kotahi (this replaces the Innovating Streets fund). If this was successful it would provide 90% of the funding and allow Council to trial various road layout's, install street trees and talk to residents in Links Avenue and the surrounding streets about their desire for the long-term layout of the road allowing for the need to cater for walking and cycling and passenger transport services.

#### **LEGAL IMPLICATIONS / RISKS**

80. The recommendation is for a further trial. A change to the Council bylaws will be required to revoke the existing bus lane and create the new bus lane cul-de-sac to allow enforcement. A bylaw paper will be presented at the Council meeting on the 28<sup>th</sup> February to make these changes.

#### **CONSULTATION / ENGAGEMENT**

- 81. Due to Covid restrictions, face to face meetings with the community were not held during the initial trial, but significant feedback was received from the community and Council have surveyed the community about the trial in January.
- 82. With the recommended new trial, consultation will be held with the directly affected residents on Links Avenue, and the streets immediately off it, on road layout changes that could be implemented if the cul-de-sac was permanent. Council would also undertake similar surveys to the original trial to gauge wider community views on the new trial. Monitoring of travel time and traffic volumes would also be undertaken.

#### NEXT STEPS

83. If a further cul-de-sac trail was implemented, this would start in late February and continue through to a staff report back to Council in August 2022.

#### ATTACHMENTS

1. Links Avenue presentation - A13220601 🗓 🛣



## Links Ave trial community meeting – directly affected residents



## Agenda

- Introduction
- Background for the trial
- Community feedback and trial data
- Questions
- Next Steps
- Meeting close

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Background for the trial
- Community feedback and trial data
- Questions
- Next Steps
- Meeting close

## Links Avenue

- Links Avenue is a local road that should cater for residential traffic associated with those that live in the street, plus some traffic associated with the school.
- In the Transport System Plan (30year transport blueprint) Links Avenue has three priority modes: residential traffic, walking and cycling and PT.
- Before to the Bayfair to Baypark (B2B) project started, traffic volumes were approximately 2,000vpd.
  - Counts prior to the trial showed traffic had increased to 7,500vpd (peak volume) and rose by 2,000vpd in the last 12 months alone.
  - Without traffic using it as a through route, volumes should return to 2,000vpd.
- There are approximately 6,000 people that catch a bus in Links Avenue each month, with 2/3 being school children.
- There are a large number of children that live in the area that walk and cycle to schools in the immediate area.

### Safety Concerns

- There have been concerned raised about the safety of vulnerable users (walking and cycling) using Links Avenue especially with the shared path and proximity of the southbound vehicle lane.
- The bus lane was installed approximately 2 years ago to provide better reliability for bus users after delays were caused by the increasing traffic volumes, but this resulted in the southbound vehicle lane shifting closer to the shared path.
- With increasing traffic volumes using the street, this has created an unacceptable level of risk of a serious or fatal accident occurring. There have been near misses last year.
- The **key safety issue in the street is traffic volume**. With a lower traffic volume, the bus lane could be removed, cyclists would be safer using the road and the street layout could be made to look residential.
- The arterial routes in Arataki are Oceanbeach Rd, Golf Rd, and Girven Rd. These are designed to carry the higher traffic volumes. Links Avenue is not a third arterial route, it is a residential street.

### **Street Hierarchy**

- Arterial Roads These are designed to move traffic between destinations and are designed to move large volumes.
- Collector Road These act as a funnel and local road traffic moves onto the collector road before going onto the Arterial Road.
- Residential These are designed to cater for the movement of people between their homes to the collector roads.

Tauranga City Council

### Cul-de-sac trial overview

- The cul-de-sac trial took place over 5 weeks from November 15 December 17
- The trial prioritized the safety of vulnerable users (walking, cycling, or taking the bus) over the convenience for motorists
- The trial was intended to test a reduced traffic volume on Links Avenue and to see if the wider network can cope with the diverted traffic flows.
- There were two trial sites considered and the Ascot Road location was selected because it would create the lowest volume of traffic past the school maximizing potential safety benefits. The alternative site was at Concorde Avenue.

### Road network issues

- Successive councils have not funded improvements to the wider roading network while allowing housing development to continue. There have been no significant roading improvements for the last 10 years when the population was significantly lower.
- Congestion is a reflection of the traffic volumes on the network when there is insufficient capacity for the volume of traffic. It has occured in other parts of the city for over 10 years (Welcome Bay) and is now affecting most of the city.
  - As a city we need to start moving differently or the current congestion will continue to increase.
- Traffic needs to drive at different times of the day, use different modes to travel and reduce the number of daily trips from each house. A 10% reduction in traffic volume is what we typically have in the school holidays and congestion is substantially less.
- When the B2B project started, traffic diverted to rat run the local network to avoid congestion on the State Highway.

## Agenda

- Introduction
- Background for the trial
- · Community feedback and trial data
- Questions
- Next Steps
- Meeting close

### Community feedback overview

- Direct engagement over phone or email from over 350 people throughout the course of the 5-week trial (250 in the first 2 weeks)
  - The key observations of that feedback summarised in the "Mid-point pulse check" in early December
- A community survey conducted by TCC with over 300 responses
  - Approximately 50% of the respondents were directly affected residents
- A survey conducted by the Papamoa Resident and Ratepayers Association (PPRA) and Tauranga Ratepayers Alliance (TRA) with over 1000 responses
  - 98% did not support the cul-de-sac
  - Reasons cited were increased travel times, a loss of convivence, and an expectation that Links Ave was one of 3 arterial routes through Arataki.

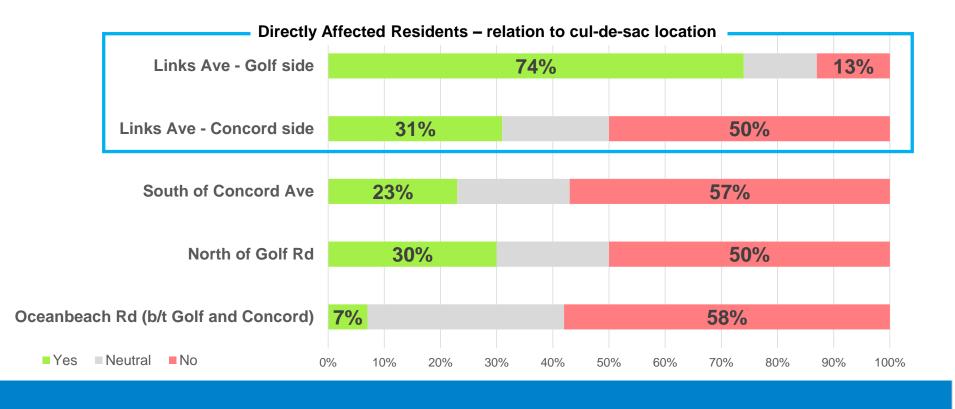
# Mid-point pulse check - key observations from feedback received to date

- There was a noticeable reduction in traffic on Links Ave and improved safety for kids walking and biking
- Residents on Links Ave were finding the street more enjoyable
- There was concern that the proximately of southbound travel lane to the shared path and the frequency and speed of buses was still the main safety risk and not addressed by the cul-de-sac
- The location of the cul-de-sac at Ascot was creating a big inconvenience for directly affected residents who could not access Golf Rd. This was causing increased travel times and frustration
- Diverted traffic from Links Ave was increasing traffic volumes and bad driving behavior on other streets (Oceanbeach Rd and Ascot Rd most frequently mentioned)
- Travel times through Arataki had increased due to the impact of the cul-de-sac

## Community feedback and trial data

- Community Feedback Improved safety
- Community Feedback A more pleasant street
- Community Feedback Preferred location of cul-de-sac
- Traffic counts and travel time data

# Do you agree that the safety of children walking and cycling along Links Ave improved during the trial?



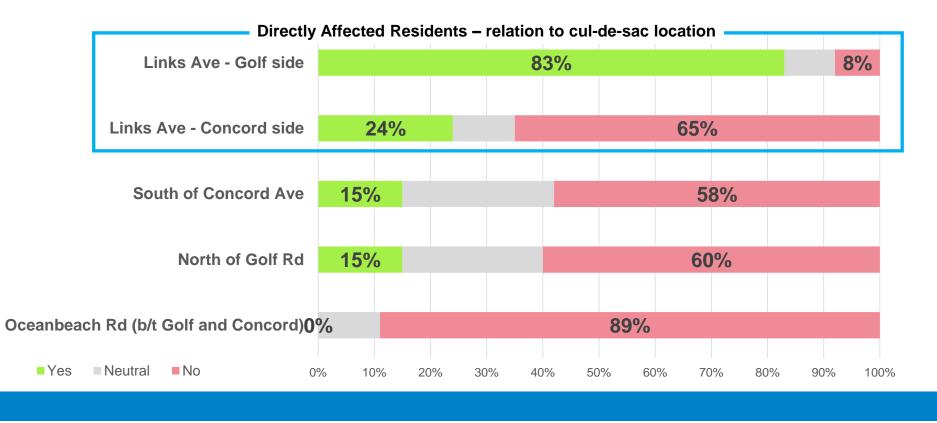
# Key observations from respondents who disagreed that safety improved on Links Avenue

- The southbound traffic lane and the buses that drive in it are still to close to the shared path this is/was the real safety issue
- Buses and cars continue to drive fast along Links Ave (higher risk given the proximity of the traffic lane
- With less traffic on Links Ave kids were cycling all over the road

## Community feedback and trial data

- Community Feedback Improved safety
- Community Feedback A more pleasant street
- Community Feedback Preferred location of cul-de-sac
- Traffic counts and travel time data

# Do you agree that your street was more pleasant to live in during the trial?



# Key observations from respondents who disagreed that their street was more pleasant

- The loss of convenience without access to and from Golf Rd.
- Additional travel times when driving through Arataki
- More traffic on their streets (specifically Oceanbeach Rd and Ascot Rd)
  - This forced people to drive irrationally creating new risks for drivers, cyclist, and people trying to cross the street

# Community Feedback and trial data

- Community Feedback Improved safety
- Community Feedback A more pleasant street
- Community Feedback Preferred location of cul-de-sac
- Traffic counts and travel time data

# If a cul-de-sac were to remain, which location would you prefer?

Location of Respondents	Same location as during the trial	Alternate location (B/t Solway PI and Concord Ave)
Directly Affected – Golf Rd side of cul-de-sac	58%	42%
Directly Affected – Concord Ave side of cul-de-sac	13%	87%
South of Concord Ave	66%	34%
North of Golf Rd	40%	60%
Oceanbeach Rd – between Golf Rd and Concord Ave	34%	66%

# Community Feedback and trial data

- Community Feedback Improved safety
- Community Feedback A more pleasant street
- Community Feedback Preferred location of cul-de-sac
- Traffic counts and travel time data

### Traffic count and travel time monitoring overview

- Standard traffic counts were conducted at six locations across Arataki using temporary tubes attached to the road surface.
  - Baseline data collected: Oct 26 Nov 02
  - Trial data collected: Dec 02 Dec 8
- Data from the APNR (license plate detection) camera was used to approximate the number of vehicles traveling through the cul-de-sac.
  - Between 1500 2000 daily after first week of settling in period
- Addinsight probes were installed at locations around Arataki that can anonymously track Bluetooth signals from vehicles to approximate travel times for two route segments within Arataki
  - Baseline data collected: Nov 8 14
  - Trial data collected: 24/7 through the end of the trial
  - Increased travel times only observed in peak commute times (7:30-9:00, 17:00-18:30)

## Traffic Count data analysis key findings

- Links Avenue no longer operates at 5,500 vehicles per day. The weekday average is now 7,000vpd and peaked at 7,500vpd during our baseline readings.
- The cul-de-sac was able to reduce the through movements on Links Avenue by about 70%. Traffic on the Golf Rd. side of the cul-de-sac reduced by about 58% while the Concord Ave side reduced by about 38%.
- Oceanbeach Rd was the preferred alternative route for those avoiding Links Avenue. This caused an increase of about 3,000vpd to a weekday average of 17,400
- Golf Rd and Concord Ave also saw increases in traffic volumes, but to a lesser degree than Oceanbeach Rd at 900vpd and 1,100vpd respectively

# Travel time analysis – key findings

- PM commute times were affected more than AM commute times
- Route R2 (Golf & Oceanbeach)
  - PM: 2.3 min 3.7 min
  - AM: 35 sec 1.4 min
- Route R1 (Girven, Bayfair RAB, SH2)
  - PM: 40 sec 3.3 min
  - AM: 25 sec 50 sec
- While individual experiences may vary, the data shows the wider network was able to cope

The Rising Tide () Mount Mount Mannandi Nannandi Mannandi Mannnandi Mannandi Mannandi Mannandi Mannandi Mannandi Mannand

Tauranga City Council

## Trial outcomes summary

- The Trial showed that the cul-de-sac did reduce volume on Links Avenue and the wider transport network coped with that changed volume.
- The location of the cul-de-sac at Ascot was inconvenient for residents on Links Avenue and the streets directly off it.
- Golf Road was the preferred exit point for residents that live in Links Avenue and the streets off it.
- The 5-week trial did not allow sufficient time for the wider traffic to change behaviors such as the time of travel, the number of trips, use of alternatives etc. We would expect the congestion on Oceanbeach Road to reduce with time as traffic patterns changed.
- Small changes to traffic lights on Golf Road eased congestion during the trial and other improvements would be possible in the wider network to improve traffic flows.

Tuesday 30 November 2021

Tauranga City Council

### Trial outcomes summary (cont)

- There is an unacceptable high risk of a serious or fatal accident on Links Avenue. The street cannot be left in its current state.
- The only way to improve safety for vulnerable users on Links Avenue is to reduce the traffic volume using the street.
- A permanently reduced volume of traffic on Links Avenue would provide an opportunity to change the look and feel of the street and return things such as on street carparks, plant street trees etc.

Tuesday 30 November 2021

Tauranga City Council

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Background for the trial
- Community feedback and trial data
- Questions
- Next Steps
- Meeting close

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Background for the trial
- Community feedback and trial data
- Questions
- Next Steps
- Meeting close

# Next steps

- A report on the outcomes of the trial will be presented to Commissioners on February 14th. It will also recommend an additional trial of the cul-de-sac but located at the Concord Ave end of Links Ave.
- Key highlights of the trial include:
  - All directly affected residents will have access to Golf Rd however only buses, bicycles and motorbikes may enter or exit Links Ave from Concord Ave.
  - Links Ave and Spur Ave will be dropped to a 30km/h
  - Removal of the existing bus lane and a new transition layout that will move the southbound traffic lane away from the shared path and create a safer environment for people biking along the entire length of Links Ave
  - Discussions would be held with the Links Avenue community about a permanent road layout that could be implemented if a cul-de-sac was retained. This could include street trees, carparking, etc to make the street more residential in look and feel.
  - A reseal of Links Ave to increase the longevity of the road and remove existing markings

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Background for the trial
- Community feedback and trial data
- Questions
- Next Steps
- Meeting close

6.2 Papamoa Residents and Ratepayers Association submission re Links Avenue trial

File Number:	A13218663
Author:	Brendan Bisley, Director of Transport
Authoriser:	Nic Johansson, General Manager: Infrastructure

#### PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

1. This report responds to the matters raised in the submission and petition from the Papamoa Residents and Ratepayers Association (PRRA) regarding the trial of the cul-de-sac treatment in Links Avenue.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Council:

- (i) Receives the report Papamoa Residents and Ratepayers Association submission re Links Avenue trial.
- (ii) Considers that the recommendations in the Links Ave Trial Update report appropriately address the points made by the Papamoa Residents and Ratepayers Association in their petition and submission.

#### DISCUSSION

- 2. Council undertook a trial of a cul-de-sac in Links Avenue between 15 November and 17 December 2021. The purpose of the trial was to improve safety for vulnerable users on Links Avenue and prioritised safety over the convenience of those that use the street as a through route.
- 3. The trial was undertaken following the receipt of a Safe System review that assessed the risk of a serious or fatal accident occurring on Links Avenue being unacceptably high.
- 4. The submission received from the PRRA (attached to the report) contains a number of matters and these are responded to in the following sections of the report.
- 5. On 13 December 2021, Philip Brown on behalf of the PPRA presented a petition to the Council (attached to the report). The matters outlined in the petition are generally covered in this report and the Links Avenue Trial update report included in this agenda.

#### **BUS LANE HISTORY**

- 6. The bus lane was added to Links Avenue when the traffic volumes became unacceptably high and the delays to the bus services were impacting on the journey time reliability. The lane was installed to allow traffic to bypass the queued vehicles along Links Avenue. At the time the bus lane was intended to be a trial as it was anticipated that it could be removed upon opening of the Bayfair to Baypark (B2B) project in 2021. The estimated completion date for the B2B project is now late 2023.
- 7. At the time the bus lane was installed, estimated traffic volumes in Links Avenue would have been approximately 4,000-4,500 vehicles per day (vpd). The current traffic volumes are 7,000-7,500vpd and still rising.
- 8. The installation of the bus lane has moved the vehicles lanes closer to the shared path. If the traffic volume was reduced, the bus lane can be removed as buses will not be delayed, and this is proposed as part of the recommended stage 2 trial for Links Avenue.
- 9. Simply removing the bus lane does not improve safety as the traffic volumes are too high for a residential street where vulnerable users are having to share the road space with vehicles.

#### **BUS PATRONAGE**

- 10. There are approximately 6,000 passengers who catch a bus in Links Avenue each month. 2/3 of these are school aged children and the bus services are an important travel mode for students in the local area. This patronage equates to approximately 200 people per day and approximately 130 students catching the bus. These same students are dropped off in Links Avenue in the morning peak.
- 11. In relation to the use of Links Avenue by buses, Links Avenue was identified as supporting three priority modes in the Transport System Plan (TSP). These were walking and cycling, public transport and residential traffic. Links Avenue is intended to remain as the primary bus route through the Arataki area.
- 12. Discussions have been held with the Regional Council about reducing the number of buses that use the street and only buses that stop in the street using it. Buses that are relocating (not in service) or express services may be able to use Maunganui Road.

#### LINKS AVENUE CLASSIFICATION

- 13. Links Avenue is a residential street and designed to provide access for the residents that live in the street and the streets immediately off it. Prior to the B2B construction, the traffic volume was approximately 2,000-2,500vpd and at this traffic volume it was considered safe for school children to walk and cycle along the street.
- 14. The primary arterial routes in the Arataki area for moving vehicles are Oceanbeach Road, Golf Road, Girven Road and Maunganui Roads.
- 15. Links Avenue is not an arterial route and was not designed to provide a third route for traffic trying to move between Papamoa and the Mount and the Hewletts Road area.

#### LINKS AVENUE PAVEMENT

- 16. The pavement in Links Avenue is struggling to cope with the traffic volume now using the street. The pavement was designed for a residential street and as volumes have increased sections of the pavement have failed. With the high traffic volumes Council was unable to undertake permanent repairs and had been patching the road to try and maintain a suitable pavement surface.
- 17. Council undertook some more permanent pavement repairs when the cul-de-sac trail was underway and traffic volumes were lower.
- 18. The road pavement will need to be reconstructed, but with a reduced traffic volume and chip sealing to waterproof the road it is hoped that the pavement will remain in a reasonable condition for another 2-3 years and this work can be done once the B2B project is completed. The existing pavement will need to be removed. The new pavement will be thicker, so access into and out of the street will be impacted significantly during that process.

#### **BUS LANES ON MAUNGANUI ROAD**

- 19. The PRRA have suggested an alternative solution would be to install bus lanes on Maunganui Road to provide for express services from Te Tumu, Papamoa East, Te Puke and further out.
- 20. The B2B project was not designed to accommodate bus lanes and there is insufficient width available to retrofit bus lanes into the project without removing vehicles lanes. This precludes the installation of dedicated bus lanes but does not prevent future express services using the State Highway.
- 21. Bayfair is an important destination for bus users so it is likely bus services will continue to have this as a drop off and pickup point in the future.

#### **NEXT STEPS**

22. Waka Kotahi, Regional Council and Council staff would be happy to meet with representatives of the PRRA to discuss bus services for the Papamoa area.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

- 1. Papamoa Residents and Ratepayers Association Submission on Links Avenue Trial A13220063 J
- 2. Petition Links Avenue Papamoa Residents and Ratepayers Association presented to Council 13 December 2021 A13220415 J



February 14, 2022

Papamoa Residents & Ratepayers Association Submission:

### RE: Bus Lanes in Links Ave and proposal to cul de sac Links Ave. (including alternative roads for Bus Lanes)

The trial 'cul de sac ing" closing of Links Ave was imposed by Tauranga City Council after a Safety Review (commissioned by Tauranga City Council) identified a potential issue between school children and buses using the bus lane. PRRA has also read this report and the report suggests another solution, which is removing the bus lane. PRRA agrees that this is the only solution.

The bus lane was added to Links Ave in 2020 as a trial, overriding community objections. Never in any city has a major bus lane been run through a residential street. It was madness then and is still madness.

This trial cul de sac of Links Ave was done with no consultation with the residents or community. It was an imposition and affront to the community, has been a disaster to the community, -- longer travel times, major inconvenience, more stationary traffic and increased carbon emissions, new safety issues on Oceanbeach Rd.

All the while the "ghost" buses use the Links Ave Bus lane while the community is inconvenienced. These buses are called "ghost" because most are empty. A survey of morning bus patronage on 2 week days between 7.30am to 9 am averaged around 29 bus passengers/day for all the buses travelling down Links Ave.

Papamoa Residents and Ratepayers Association along with MRRRA and TRA using Tauranga Community Feedback website ran an online survey to gather the views of the community and over 1250 people participated. This is an excellent response from very concerned and affected residents.

A full summary of the final comments has been shared by email with Brendan Bisley and the Commissioners. This is real feedback. A point to note is that PRRA had to approach TCC to have these comments included in the trial final feedback report. This survey was well known and communicated to the council, yet TCC did not ask for the results to include. This feedback and comments amount to 94 pages. Are the results not inline to support any TCC decision?

Also, none of the concerned ratepayer groups were approached to take part in the mid pulse analysis of the trial.

#### Results of the Online Survey re Links Ave

The Online Poll asked 5 questions, included a section to send a message to Brendan Bisley and a general comment section. As reported above, the summaries of the last two sections have been sent to Tauranga City Council.

The summary of results from the survey are

Do you want Links Ave to be made into a Cul de Sac	No 98% Yes 2%
Do you think buses should have a dedicated bus lane in Links Ave	No 63% Yes 37%
Do you feel the bus lane should be totally removed	Yes 67% No 33%
Would you support a barrier fence to separate buses and pedestrians	Yes 62% No 38%

The results are very easy to understand. The community does not want Links Ave to be closed.

### Looking at some other important numbers which show the craziness of closing Links Ave:

1) From Tauranga City Council numbers

There are around 5500 cars per day using Links Ave. There are approx. 200 bus passengers per day using Links Ave (including schoolchildren). And an informal bus count showed 29 passengers when schools were closed.

You can not force people into buses. They do not work.

2) Looking at the % of time when there are schoolchildren going to and from the school. Assuming 1.5 hours in the morning and 1.5 hours in the afternoon.

The affected time is 6% on a yearly basis.

How does TCC even consider closing Links Ave. The cost to the community is huge.

#### Going forward...

PRRA has submitted a Petition against the closure of Links Ave last year and expect as part of the petition process

- a) to have a hearing on this issue, to take place in a large enough venue on our side of the harbour. All concerned residents can speak.
- b) To have consultation between the council and community, road users and resident's groups.
- c) To have access to all the Council reports on the cul de sac trial complete with the background data. This needs to be a minimum of one week before any hearing.

Nothing has been heard to date from TCC.

Links Ave is called links because that is what it does ---- it links. It is not a street to be made into a cul de sac.

The first priority for Links Ave is safety for the children The second priority is amenity for the community This can only be achieved by removal of the Bus Lanes.

It has been said that the increased car numbers in Links Ave have caused the damage to the road. It is in fact the axle loads from the buses that are doing the damage. From Load Equivalency Factors, an 8 tonne axle load (bus) does more than 3000 times the damage of a 1 tonne axle load (car).

The bus lane in Links Ave is the problem, wrong place, wrong routes, unnecessary routing, too dangerous and currently too many ghost buses – nobody inside.

However, PRRA does agree -- buses are part of the future transport solutions, on the right roads.

#### So where to ..

There is an opportunity to make additional bus lanes down Maunganui Rd along the B2B, from Baypark to Golf Rd/Hewletts Rd. Think of the success of Auckland Northern Busway. These bus lanes will easily link into the bus lane in Hewletts Rd.

The future express bus traffic is coming from Te Tumu, Papamoa East, Te Puke and further out. Sending these buses down Links Ave or holding them up in the morning slow traffic through the B2B is just plain stupid.

For years, forward thinking community members have been asking for these bus lanes along the B2B and the **naysayers** in the council staff, BOPRC and Waka Kotahi have dominated and won. End result == No bus lanes.

**But now is now.** Tauranga needs these bus lanes on the B2B. There is room for the bus lanes, a couple of pinch points but very solvable. We fought to retain the underpass at Bayfair not only for pedestrian and cycle access but also to serve as a link between the buses stopping on the slip roads of the Bayfair Roundabout.

Most buses do not need to go into Bayfair, Farm St or Links Ave. Run the buses down the B2B. And this would allow TCC to cancel the expensive proposed bus interchange at Bayfair.

A new solution is at hand, it needs new thinking and a willingness from the incumbents (TCC, WBOPRC and Waka Kotahi) to get out of their silos and work with the community. There is no NO, it is YES.

In December 2021, PRRA launched the idea of the Bus Lanes on the B2B to the Tauranga Commissioners, Tauranga City Council Transport Section, Hon Michael Wood, Minister of Transport, Local Members of Parliament, NZTA/Waka Kotahi CEO and Chair of the NZTA Board and WBOPRC.

The only reply to date is from NZTA/Waka Kotahi. Their reply was extremely dismissive and not at all constructive. Their approach is to pass the parcel of bus lane location between the three agencies – NZTA, WBOPRC and TCC. And when time to do anything has run out, ask the community for feedback. Same approach of denial as the removal of the Bayfair Underpass!!!

We look forward to the opportunities going forward. The community demands to be given a part to play in finding solutions to this problem. We want the council to agree to consult and collaborate with a selection of the residents and road users throughout the problem solving process. We are the people most affected by the decisions the council will be making about this matter!

Closing Links Ave is not a solution, removing the bus lanes is the solution. Relocating to the B2B is the best location.

Thankyou.

Philip Brown Chair Papamoa Residents & Ratepayers Association chairprra@gmail.com

#### Appendix





To the Tauranga City Council

25 November 2021

re: Links Avenue cul-de-sac trial

Attached is a petition requesting:-

(a) An immediate end to the cul-de-sac trial in Links Avenue.

(b) The end to any proposal to make any changes to the street layout of Links Avenue

(c) Proper consultation with a committee of road users and residents to ascertain a more practical and sensible way of solving the problems that are perceived to exist.

We wish to have all traffic restrictions lifted within 48 hours after the council receives this letter and the barriers moved out of the way in a safe fashion as soon as possible.

This is necessary, even though a hearing may be a little way off yet, because the traffic disruption to Links Avenue and the alternate route along Oceanbeach Road is not only causing severe inconvenience but also has the potential to cause vehicle accidents and could endanger the lives of pedestrians who, as we all know, frequently cross the road with children to get to and from the beach.

The advent of the Summer season, school holidays and visitors will bring about an increase in the volume of traffic and exacerbate the danger. This is not a frivolous request; there is real danger in this situation.

Brendan Bisley was reported in Tuesday's Bay Of Plenty Times as having said that he would be interested in seeing the results of PRRA's survey. He was sent an interim copy of the comments on 12 November 2021. A final detailed copy of the results and comments will be made available as soon as we know that the council has accepted and will deal with the petition. The survey is still a live exercise and more results will be available by the time the hearing takes place.

The number of replies is approaching 1000 and of those about 97% are against the trial and any long term closure proposal. We expect, of course, a quid pro

quo from Brendan, namely, full disclosure of the results of the council's survey and reports on consultation, and any research material that has been gathered.

Signed:

Philip Brown

Chairman Papamoa Residents & Ratepayers Association

Signatories attached.

e estate estate a servicio en estate de esta se a la marca população do encontra esta da comunitar aujeração e Presentados e aceas presentes aveido barral varitadare da comunicação do tecemente taxa em la transmistra a com

가 많은 가정되었다. 또한 동안가용으로 위험되었으며 사람이 나가 있다. (또한 가지 1994년 1997년 1997년 1997년 1997년 1997년 1997년 1997년 1997년 1997년 1997 이라는 1996년 1995년 1995년 4월15일 등 1996년 4월19 - 1998년 1997년 1 To the Tauranga City Council

The council is carrying out what it calls a trial of a proposal to turn Links Avenue into a cul-de-sac. This is being done against the wishes of a majority of the people who use the road and is causing considerable inconvenience and extensive traffic disruption.

We, the undersigned residents of Tauranga call upon the council:-

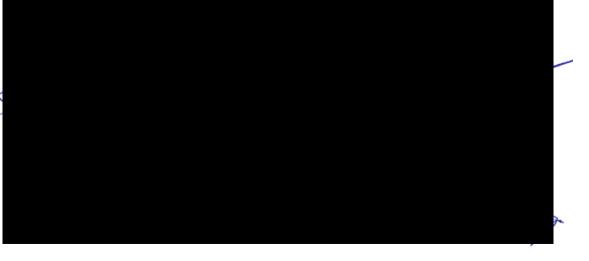
(a) To halt the trial immediately and remove the barriers.

(b) To not make any changes to the street layout of Links Avenue.

(c) To consult with a committee of road users and residents to ascertain a more practicable way of solving the problems that are perceived to exist.

Signature Address Name Bridgette Irwik Jui Ruka Honica Walker Tess Maskell Vanessa Nikora Jim Maskell KEVIN POLLARD MARGARET POLLARD Verek Michelle Pollard

S'ANDRIA LONG Jill Griffin (tires Coorun Jane Green LUIZ VASCONCELOS



#### To the Tauranga City Council

The council is carrying out what it calls a trial of a proposal to turn Links Avenue into a cul-de-sac. This is being done against the wishes of a majority of the people who use the road and is causing considerable inconvenience and extensive traffic disruption.

We, the undersigned residents of Tauranga call upon the council:-

(a) To halt the trial immediately and remove the barriers.

(b) To not make any changes to the street layout of Links Avenue.

(c) To consult with a committee of road users and residents to ascertain a more practicable way of solving the problems that are perceived to exist.

Signature Address Name DGIE SHIANE PROMIER KELLY ORANDY MIKE WILLIAMS SHANE



Name

Sarah mechane

Simon SNA

1/01)

GORDON MCBAIDE

To the Tauranga City Council

The council is carrying out what it calls a trial of a proposal to turn Links Avenue into a cul-de-sac. This is being done against the wishes of a majority of the people who use the road and is causing considerable inconvenience and extensive traffic disruption.

We, the undersigned residents of Tauranga call upon the council:-

(a) To halt the trial immediately and remove the barriers.

(b) To not make any changes to the street layout of Links Avenue.

(c) To consult with a committee of road users and residents to ascertain a more practicable way of solving the problems that are perceived to exist.

Signature Address Lisa Teches/2 Paul Edwards lawence



#### 6.3 Traffic & Parking Bylaw Update 34 (Links Ave trial)

File Number:	A13191535
Author:	Andy Vuong, Programme Manager - Cycle Plan Implementation
	Will Hyde, Senior Transportation Engineer
Authoriser:	Nic Johansson, General Manager: Infrastructure

#### **PURPOSE OF THE REPORT**

1. To obtain approval from the Commission to introduce amendments to the appropriate Attachments within the Traffic and Parking Bylaw 2012 subject to the approval of phase 2 of the Links Avenue trial.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Council:

- (a) Receives the Traffic and Parking Bylaw 2012 Amendments Report.
- (b) Adopts the proposed amendments to the Traffic and Parking Bylaw 2012 Attachment as per Appendix B, effective from 28 February 2022

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

- 2. The Traffic and Parking Bylaw 2012 includes Attachments each of which lists various traffic and parking restrictions.
- 3. Council can amend the Attachments by Council Resolution.
- 4. This report sets out amendments to the following:
  - (a) Attachment 4.1: Special Vehicle Lanes Passenger Service Vehicle Lanes (Including Bus Lanes)
  - (b) Attachment 4.3: Special Vehicle Lanes Cycle Lanes
- 5. These amendments are proposed to reflect and support operational and safety needs on Links Avenue to support the phase 2 of the Links Ave trial.

#### BACKGROUND

- 6. Council adopted the Traffic and Parking Bylaw 2012 (the 'Bylaw') on 23 October 2012 and it came into effect on 1 November 2012. The purpose of the Bylaw is to facilitate traffic management and parking control measures in respect of roads, public places, parking areas and other transport assets owned or managed by Council.
- 7. Amendments to the Bylaw are presented to Council for approval several times annually so that any enforcement of parking restrictions can be carried out as required.
- 8. These amendments are proposed for general operational reasons, principally:
  - (a) Requests from the public or stakeholders for numerous small changes to parking controls; and
  - (b) To support special projects such as the Links Avenue cul-de-sac trial
- 9. The proposed changes are summarised in Appendix A.
- 10. The proposed changes to the Bylaw wording are contained in Appendix B.

#### **STRATEGIC / STATUTORY CONTEXT**

11. The amendments are required to implement the vision and objectives of phase 2 of the Links Ave trial, which seeks to improve the safety for children walking and cycling to and from school and return the road to function as a residential street.

#### FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS

12. Negligible – the associate costs are accommodated within existing project budgets.

#### **LEGAL IMPLICATIONS / RISKS**

13. The bylaw amendment is needed to allow enforcement of changes deemed necessary for safety and amenity purposes.

#### **CONSULTATION / ENGAGEMENT**

14. Consultation has been carried out with directly affected residents as part of the wider consultation as part of the initial Links Avenue trial, which occurred from November 15, 2021 – December 17, 2021 and has been summarised in Links Ave Trial Update report received by February 14, 2022.

#### SIGNIFICANCE

- 15. The Local Government Act 2002 requires an assessment of the significance of matters, issues, proposals and decisions in this report against Council's Significance and Engagement Policy. Council acknowledges that in some instances a matter, issue, proposal or decision may have a high degree of importance to individuals, groups, or agencies affected by the report.
- 16. In making this assessment, consideration has been given to the likely impact, and likely consequences for:
  - (a) the current and future social, economic, environmental, or cultural well-being of the district or region
  - (b) any persons who are likely to be particularly affected by, or interested in, the decision.
  - (c) the capacity of the local authority to perform its role, and the financial and other costs of doing so.
- 17. In accordance with the considerations above, criteria and thresholds in the policy, it is considered that the decision is of medium significance.

#### ENGAGEMENT

18. Taking into consideration the above assessment, that the decision is of medium significance, officers are of the opinion that no further engagement is required prior to Council making a decision.

#### ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Appendix A T&P Bylaw Amendement 34 A13219944 🗓 🖆
- 2. Appendix B T&P Bylaw amendement 34 A13219945 🗓 🛣

#### APPENDIX A: Summary Table of Amendments to Traffic and Parking Bylaw 2012 (Amendment 34 – Links Ave Trial)

Proposed amendment location	Details of amendment	Reason	Consultation
Attachment 4.1: Special	Vehicle Lanes – Passenge	er Service Vehicle Lanes (I	ncluding Bus Lanes)
Deletions			
Links Avenue	Golf Road to a point	To support Links Ave	Undertaken as part of
West Side	165 metres north of	trial – phase 2	Links Ave trial – phase
7.15 am to 10.00 am	Solway Place		1
Monday to Friday	Northbound		
Additions			
Links Avenue	Solway Place to	To support Links Ave	Undertaken as part of
East Side	Concord Avenue	trial – phase 2	Links Ave trial – phase
			1
Links Avenue	Solway Place to	To support Links Ave	Undertaken as part of
West Side	Concord Avenue	trial – phase 2	Links Ave trial – phase
			1
Attachment 4.3: Special	Vehicle Lanes - Cycle Lan	es	
<u>Additions</u>			
Links Avenue – East	Golf Rd to Solway	To support Links Ave	Undertaken as part of
Side (southbound)	Place	trial – phase 2	Links Ave trial – phase
			1
Links Avenue – West	Golf Rd to Solway	To support Links Ave	Undertaken as part of
Side (northbound)	Place	trial – phase 2	Links Ave trial – phase
			1

### APPENDIX B: Proposed Amendments to the Traffic and Parking Bylaw 2012 (Amendment 34 – Links Ave trial)

### Attachment 4.1: Special Vehicle Lanes – Passenger Service Vehicle Lanes (Including Bus Lanes)

Pursuant to clause 6.1 of the Traffic and Parking Bylaw 2012 the following portions of road are declared to be bus lanes:

Road Name	Road Portion	Direction
Deletions		
Links Avenue	Golf Road to a point 165	Northbound
West Side	metres north of Solway Place.	
7.15 am to 10.00 am Monday		
to Friday		
Additions		
Links Avenue	Solway Place to Concord Ave	Southbound
East Side		
Links Avenue	Solway Place to Concord Ave	Northbound
West Side		

#### Attachment 4.3: Special Vehicle Lanes – Cycle Lanes

Pursuant to Clause 6.1 of the Traffic and Parking Bylaw 2012 the following portions of road are declared to be cycle lanes:

Road Name	Road Portion	Direction
Additions		
Links Avenue	Solway Place to Golf Rd	Southbound
East Side		
Links Avenue	Solway Place to Golf Rd	Northbound
West Side		

#### 7 DISCUSSION OF LATE ITEMS